

Australian Securities & Investments Commission

TEST SYSTEM ONLY
THIS IS NOT A VALID CERTIFICATE

TEST DATA

Replaceable Rules

The following document sets out the provisions of the Corporations Act that apply as replaceable rules ([s141](#)).

Replaceable rules do not apply to sole member/director companies if the member/director is the same person. Please see [s198E](#), [201F](#), [202C](#) of the [Corporations Act](#), for special provisions that apply to these companies.

Readers should note that the Corporations Act outlining these rules may be altered and companies should always refer to a current version of the [Corporations Act](#) for a definitive reference to the replaceable rules at any given time.

This document was last updated 21/9/2010.

Check back on our site for updated revisions as the law changes.

Table of Contents

Officers and employees.....	3
1. Voting and completion of transactions – directors of proprietary companies (s194).....	3
2. Powers of directors (s198A).....	3
3. Negotiable instruments (s198B).....	3
4. Managing Director (s198C).....	3
5. Company may appoint a Director (s201G).....	4
6. Directors may appoint other directors (s201H).....	4
7. Appointment of managing directors (s201J).....	4
8. Alternate directors (s201K).....	4
9. Remuneration of directors (s202A).....	4
10. Director may resign by giving written notice to company (s203A).....	5
11. Removal by members - proprietary company (s203C).....	5
12. Termination of appointment of managing director (s203F).....	5
13. Terms and conditions of office for secretaries (s204F).....	5
Inspection of books.....	5
14. Company or directors may allow member to inspect books (s247D).....	5
Directors' meetings.....	6
15. Circulating resolutions of companies with more than 1 director (s248A).....	6
16. Calling directors' meetings (s248C).....	6
17. Chairing directors' meetings (s248E).....	6
18. Quorum at directors' meetings (s248F).....	6
19. Passing of directors' resolutions (s248G).....	6
Meetings of members.....	7
20. Calling of meetings of members by a director (s249C).....	7
21. Notice to joint members (s249J(2)).....	7
22. When notice by post or fax is given (s249J(4)).....	7
22A. When notice under paragraph 249J(3)(cb) is given (s249J(5)).....	7
23. Notice of adjourned meetings (s249M).....	7
24. Quorum (s249T).....	7
25. Chairing meetings of members (s249U).....	8
26. Business at adjourned meetings (s249W(2)).....	8
27. Who can appoint a proxy (s249X).....	8
28. Proxy vote valid even if member dies, revokes appointment etc (s250C(2)).....	8
29. How many votes a member has (s250E).....	9
30. Jointly held shares (s250F).....	9
31. Objection to right to vote (s250G).....	9
32. How voting is carried out (s250J).....	9
33. When and how polls must be taken (s250M).....	10
Shares.....	10
33A. Pre-emption for existing shareholders on issue of shares in a proprietary company (s254D).....	10
33B. Other provisions about paying dividends (s254U).....	10
34. Dividend rights for shares in proprietary companies (s254W(2)).....	10
Transfer of shares.....	11
35. Transmission of shares on death (s1072A).....	11
36. Transmission of shares on bankruptcy (s1072B).....	11
37. Transmission of shares on mental incapacity (s1072D).....	12
38. Registration of transfers (s1072F).....	12
39. Additional general discretion for directors of proprietary companies to refuse to register transfers (s1072G).....	12

Officers and employees

1. Voting and completion of transactions – directors of proprietary companies ([s194](#))

If a director of a proprietary company has a material personal interest in a matter that relates to the affairs of the company and:

(a) under section [191](#) the director discloses the nature and extent of the interest and its relation to the affairs of the company at a meeting of the directors; or

(b) the interest is one that does not need to be disclosed under section [191](#);

then:

(c) the director may vote on matters that relate to the interest; and

(d) any transactions that relate to the interest may proceed; and

(e) the director may retain benefits under the transaction even though the director has the interest; and

(f) the company cannot avoid the transaction merely because of the existence of the interest.

If disclosure is required under section [191](#), paragraphs (e) and (f) apply only if the disclosure is made before the transaction is entered into.

Note: A director may need to give notice to the other directors if the director has a material personal interest in a matter relating to the affairs of the company (see section [191](#)).

2. Powers of directors ([s198A](#))

(1) The business of a company is to be managed by or under the direction of the directors.

Note: See section [198E](#) for special rules about the powers of directors who are the single director/shareholder of proprietary companies.

(2) The directors may exercise all the powers of the company except any powers that this Act or the company's constitution (if any) requires the company to exercise in general meeting.

Note: For example, the directors may issue shares, borrow money and issue debentures.

3. Negotiable instruments ([s198B](#))

(1) Any 2 directors of a company that has 2 or more directors, or the director of a proprietary company that has only 1 director, may sign, draw, accept, endorse or otherwise execute a negotiable instrument.

(2) The directors may determine that a negotiable instrument may be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed in a different way.

4. Managing Director ([s198C](#))

(1) The directors of a company may confer on a managing director any of the powers that the directors can exercise.

(2) The directors may revoke or vary a conferral of powers on the managing director.

5. Company may appoint a Director ([s201G](#))

A company may appoint a person as a director by resolution passed in general meeting.

6. Directors may appoint other directors ([s201H](#))

Appointment by other directors

(1) The directors of a company may appoint a person as a director. A person can be appointed as a director in order to make up a quorum for a directors' meeting even if the total number of directors of the company is not enough to make up that quorum.

Proprietary company--confirmation by meeting within 2 months

(2) If a person is appointed under this section as a director of a proprietary company, the company must confirm the appointment by resolution within 2 months after the appointment is made. If the appointment is not confirmed, the person ceases to be a director of the company at the end of those 2 months.

Public company--confirmation by next AGM

(3) If a person is appointed by the other directors as a director of a public company, the company must confirm the appointment by resolution at the company's next AGM. If the appointment is not confirmed, the person ceases to be a director of the company at the end of the AGM.

7. Appointment of managing directors ([s201J](#))

The directors of a company may appoint 1 or more of themselves to the office of managing director of the company for the period, and on the terms (including as to remuneration), as the directors see fit.

8. Alternate directors ([s201K](#))

(1) With the other directors' approval, a director may appoint an alternate to exercise some or all of the director's powers for a specified period.

(2) If the appointing director requests the company to give the alternate notice of directors' meetings, the company must do so.

(3) When an alternate exercises the director's powers, the exercise of the powers is just as effective as if the powers were exercised by the director.

(4) The appointing director may terminate the alternate's appointment at any time.

(5) An appointment or its termination must be in writing. A copy must be given to the company.

Note: ASIC must be given notice of the appointment and termination of appointment of an alternate (see subsections [205B\(2\)](#) and [\(5\)](#)).

9. Remuneration of directors ([s202A](#))

(1) The directors of a company are to be paid the remuneration that the company determines by resolution.

Note: Chapter 2E makes special provision for the payment of remuneration to the directors of public companies.

(2) The company may also pay the directors' travelling and other expenses that they properly incur:

(a) in attending directors' meetings or any meetings of committees of directors; and

- (b) in attending any general meetings of the company; and
- (c) in connection with the company's business.

10. Director may resign by giving written notice to company ([s203A](#))

A director of a company may resign as a director of the company by giving a written notice of resignation to the company at its registered office.

11. Removal by members - proprietary company ([s203C](#))

A proprietary company:

- (a) may by resolution remove a director from office; and
- (b) may by resolution appoint another person as a director instead.

12. Termination of appointment of managing director ([s203F](#))

- (1) A person ceases to be managing director if they cease to be a director.
- (2) The directors may revoke or vary an appointment of a managing director.

13. Terms and conditions of office for secretaries ([s204F](#))

A secretary holds office on the terms and conditions (including as to remuneration) that the directors determine.

Inspection of books

14. Company or directors may allow member to inspect books ([s247D](#))

The directors of a company, or the company by a resolution passed at a general meeting, may authorise a member to inspect books of the company.

Directors' meetings

15. Circulating resolutions of companies with more than 1 director ([s248A](#))

Resolutions

(1) The directors of a company may pass a resolution without a directors' meeting being held if all the directors entitled to vote on the resolution sign a document containing a statement that they are in favour of the resolution set out in the document.

Copies

(2) Separate copies of a document may be used for signing by directors if the wording of the resolution and statement is identical in each copy.

When the resolution is passed

(3) The resolution is passed when the last director signs.

Note: Passage of a resolution under this section must be recorded in the company's minute books (see section 251A).

16. Calling directors' meetings ([s248C](#))

A directors' meeting may be called by a director giving reasonable notice individually to every other director.

Note: A director who has appointed an alternate director may ask for the notice to be sent to the alternate director (see [subsection 201K\(2\)](#)).

17. Chairing directors' meetings ([s248E](#))

(1) The directors may elect a director to chair their meetings. The directors may determine the period for which the director is to be the chair.

(2) The directors must elect a director present to chair a meeting, or part of it, if:

(a) a director has not already been elected to chair the meeting; or

(b) a previously elected chair is not available or declines to act, for the meeting or the part of the meeting.

18. Quorum at directors' meetings ([s248F](#))

Unless the directors determine otherwise, the quorum for a directors' meeting is 2 directors and the quorum must be present at all times during the meeting.

Note 1: For special quorum rules for public companies, see section [195](#).

Note 2: For resolutions of 1 director proprietary companies without meetings, see section [248B](#).

19. Passing of directors' resolutions ([s248G](#))

(1) A resolution of the directors must be passed by a majority of the votes cast by directors entitled to vote on the resolution.

(2) The chair has a casting vote if necessary in addition to any vote they have in their capacity as a director.

Note: The chair may be precluded from voting, for example, by a conflict of interest.

Meetings of members

20. Calling of meetings of members by a director ([s249C](#))

A director may call a meeting of the company's members.

21. Notice to joint members ([s249J\(2\)](#))

Notice to joint members must be given to the joint member named first in the register of members.

22. When notice by post or fax is given ([s249J\(4\)](#))

A notice of meeting sent by post is taken to be given 3 days after it is posted. A notice of meeting sent by fax, or other electronic means, is taken to be given on the business day after it is sent.

22A. When notice under paragraph 249J(3)(cb) is given ([s249J\(5\)](#))

A notice of meeting given to a member under paragraph (3)(cb) is taken to be given on the business day after the day on which the member is notified that the notice of meeting is available.

23. Notice of adjourned meetings ([s249M](#))

When a meeting is adjourned, new notice of the resumed meeting must be given if the meeting is adjourned for 1 month or more.

24. Quorum ([s249T](#))

(1) The quorum for a meeting of a company's members is 2 members and the quorum must be present at all times during the meeting.

Note: For single member companies, see section [249B](#).

(2) In determining whether a quorum is present, count individuals attending as proxies or body corporate representatives. However, if a member has appointed more than 1 proxy or representative, count only 1 of them. If an individual is attending both as a member and as a proxy or body corporate representative, count them only once.

Note 1: For rights to appoint proxies, see section [249X](#).

Note 2: For body corporate representatives, see section [250D](#).

(3) A meeting of the company's members that does not have a quorum present within 30 minutes after the time for the meeting set out in the notice of meeting is adjourned to the date, time and place the directors specify. If the directors do not specify 1 or more of those things, the meeting is adjourned to:

- (a) if the date is not specified--the same day in the next week; and
- (b) if the time is not specified--the same time; and
- (c) if the place is not specified--the same place.

- (4) If no quorum is present at the resumed meeting within 30 minutes after the time for the meeting, the meeting is dissolved.

25. Chairing meetings of members ([s249U](#))

- (1) The directors may elect an individual to chair meetings of the company's members.
- (2) The directors at a meeting of the company's members must elect an individual present to chair the meeting (or part of it) if an individual has not already been elected by the directors to chair it or, having been elected, is not available to chair it, or declines to act, for the meeting (or part of the meeting).
- (3) The members at a meeting of the company's members must elect a member present to chair the meeting (or part of it) if:
- (a) a chair has not previously been elected by the directors to chair the meeting; or
 - (b) a previously elected chair is not available, or declines to act, for the meeting (or part of the meeting).
- (4) The chair must adjourn a meeting of the company's members if the members present with a majority of votes at the meeting agree or direct that the chair must do so.

26. Business at adjourned meetings ([s249W\(2\)](#))

Only unfinished business is to be transacted at a meeting resumed after an adjournment.

27. Who can appoint a proxy ([s249X](#))

- (1) A member of a company who is entitled to attend and cast a vote at a meeting of the company's members may appoint a person as the member's proxy to attend and vote for the member at the meeting.
- (1A) The person appointed as the member's proxy may be an individual or a body corporate.
- Note:** A body corporate may appoint a representative to exercise the powers that the body corporate may exercise as the member's proxy, see section [250D](#).
- (2) The appointment may specify the proportion or number of votes that the proxy may exercise.
- (3) Each member may appoint a proxy. If the member is entitled to cast 2 or more votes at the meeting, they may appoint 2 proxies. If the member appoints 2 proxies and the appointment does not specify the proportion or number of the member's votes each proxy may exercise, each proxy may exercise half of the votes.
- (4) Disregard any fractions of votes resulting from the application of subsection (2) or (3).

28. Proxy vote valid even if member dies, revokes appointment etc ([s250C\(2\)](#))

Unless the company has received written notice of the matter before the start or resumption of the meeting at which a proxy votes, a vote cast by the proxy will be valid even if, before the proxy votes:

- (a) the appointing member dies; or
- (b) the member is mentally incapacitated; or
- (c) the member revokes the proxy's appointment; or
- (d) the member revokes the authority under which the proxy was appointed by a third party; or
- (e) the member transfers the share in respect of which the proxy was given.

Note: A proxy's authority to vote is suspended while the member is present at the meeting (see subsection [249Y\(3\)](#)).

29. How many votes a member has ([s250E](#))

Company with share capital

(1) Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any class of shares, at a meeting of members of a company with a share capital:

- (a) on a show of hands, each member has 1 vote; and
- (b) on a poll, each member has 1 vote for each share they hold.

Note: Unless otherwise specified in the appointment, a body corporate representative has all the powers that a body corporate has as a member (including the power to vote on a show of hands).

Company without share capital

(2) Each member of a company that does not have a share capital has 1 vote, both on a show of hands and a poll.

Chair's casting vote

(3) The chair has a casting vote, and also, if they are a member, any vote they have in their capacity as a member.

Note 1: The chair may be precluded from voting, for example, by a conflict of interest.

Note 2: For rights to appoint proxies, see section 249X.

30. Jointly held shares ([s250F](#))

If a share is held jointly and more than 1 member votes in respect of that share, only the vote of the member whose name appears first in the register of members counts.

31. Objection to right to vote ([s250G](#))

A challenge to a right to vote at a meeting of a company's members:

- (a) may only be made at the meeting; and
- (b) must be determined by the chair, whose decision is final.

32. How voting is carried out ([s250J](#))

(1) A resolution put to the vote at a meeting of a company's members must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded.

(1A) Before a vote is taken the chair must inform the meeting whether any proxy votes have been received and how the proxy votes are to be cast.

(2) On a show of hands, a declaration by the chair is conclusive evidence of the result, provided that the declaration reflects the show of hands and the votes of the proxies received. Neither the chair nor the minutes need to state the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against.

Note: Even though the chair's declaration is conclusive of the voting results, the members present may demand a poll (see paragraph [250L\(3\)\(c\)](#)).

33. When and how polls must be taken ([s250M](#))

- (1) A poll demanded on a matter other than the election of a chair or the question of an adjournment must be taken when and in the manner the chair directs.
- (2) A poll on the election of a chair or on the question of an adjournment must be taken immediately.

Shares

33A. Pre-emption for existing shareholders on issue of shares in a proprietary company ([s254D](#))

- (1) Before issuing shares of a particular class, the directors of a proprietary company must offer them to the existing holders of shares of that class. As far as practicable, the number of shares offered to each shareholder must be in proportion to the number of shares of that class that they already hold.
- (2) To make the offer, the directors must give the shareholders a statement setting out the terms of the offer, including:
 - (a) the number of shares offered; and
 - (b) the period for which it will remain open.
- (3) The directors may issue any shares not taken up under the offer under subsection (1) as they see fit.
- (4) The company may by resolution passed at a general meeting authorise the directors to make a particular issue of shares without complying with subsection (1).

33B. Other provisions about paying dividends ([s254U](#))

- (1) The directors may determine that a dividend is payable and fix:
 - (a) the amount; and
 - (b) the time for payment; and
 - (c) the method of payment.

The methods of payment may include the payment of cash, the issue of shares, the grant of options and the transfer of assets.

- (2) Interest is not payable on a dividend.

34. Dividend rights for shares in proprietary companies ([s254W\(2\)](#))

Subject to the terms on which shares in a proprietary company are on issue, the directors may pay dividends as they see fit.

Transfer of shares

35. Transmission of shares on death ([s1072A](#))

If shares not held jointly

(1) If a shareholder who does not own shares jointly dies, the company will recognise only the personal representative of the deceased shareholder as being entitled to the deceased shareholder's interest in the shares.

(2) If the personal representative gives the directors the information they reasonably require to establish the representative's entitlement to be registered as holder of the shares:

(a) the personal representative may:

- of (i) by giving a written and signed notice to the company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or
- person; (ii) by giving a completed transfer form to the company, transfer the shares to another and

(b) the personal representative is entitled, whether or not registered as the holder of the shares, to the same rights as the deceased shareholder.

(3) On receiving an election under subparagraph (2)(a)(i), the company must register the personal representative as the holder of the shares.

(4) A transfer under subparagraph (2)(a)(ii) is subject to the same rules (for example, about entitlement to transfer and registration of transfers) as apply to transfers generally.

If shares held jointly

(5) If a shareholder who owns shares jointly dies, the company will recognise only the survivor as being entitled to the deceased shareholder's interest in the shares. The estate of the deceased shareholder is not released from any liability in respect of the shares.

36. Transmission of shares on bankruptcy ([s1072B](#))

(1) If a person entitled to shares because of the bankruptcy of a shareholder gives the directors the information they reasonably require to establish the person's entitlement to be registered as holder of the shares, the person may:

(a) by giving a written and signed notice to the company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or

(b) by giving a completed transfer form to the company, transfer the shares to another person.

(2) On receiving an election under paragraph (1)(a), the company must register the person as the holder of the shares.

(3) A transfer under paragraph (1)(b) is subject to the same rules (for example, about entitlement to transfer and registration of transfers) as apply to transfers generally.

(4) This section has effect subject to the [Bankruptcy Act 1966](#).

37. Transmission of shares on mental incapacity ([s1072D](#))

(1) If a person entitled to shares because of the mental incapacity of a shareholder gives the directors the information they reasonably require to establish the person's entitlement to be registered as the holder of the shares:

- (a) the person may:
 - (i) by giving a written and signed notice to the company, elect to be registered as the holder of the shares; or
 - (ii) by giving a completed transfer form to the company, transfer the shares to another person; and
- (b) the person is entitled, whether or not registered as the holder of the shares, to the same rights as the shareholder.

(2) On receiving an election under subparagraph (1)(a)(i), the company must register the person as the holder of the shares.

(3) A transfer under subparagraph (1)(a)(ii) is subject to the same rules (for example, about entitlement to transfer and registration of transfers) as apply to transfers generally.

38. Registration of transfers ([s1072F](#))

(1) A person transferring shares remains the holder of the shares until the transfer is registered and the name of the person to whom they are being transferred is entered in the register of members in respect of the shares.

(2) The directors are not required to register a transfer of shares in the company unless:

- (a) the transfer and any share certificate have been lodged at the company's registered office; and
- (b) any fee payable on registration of the transfer has been paid; and
- (c) the directors have been given any further information they reasonably require to establish the right of the person transferring the shares to make the transfer.

(3) The directors may refuse to register a transfer of shares in the company if:

- (a) the shares are not fully-paid; or
- (b) the company has a lien on the shares.

(4) The directors may suspend registration of transfers of shares in the company at the times and for the periods they determine. The periods of suspension must not exceed 30 days in any one calendar year.

39. Additional general discretion for directors of proprietary companies to refuse to register transfers ([s1072G](#))

The directors of a proprietary company may refuse to register a transfer of shares in the company for any reason.

MINUTES OF MEETING

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd

ACN: 600 272 955

MINUTES OF FIRST MEETING OF DIRECTORS AND INITIAL MEMBERS

OF Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
HELD AT L14 135 King St, SYDNEY, NSW 2000
ON 8 February 2017.

PRESENT: Bill William

REGISTRATION OF COMPANY: The Chairperson reported that all matters regarding the registration of the Company had been attended to and produced to the Meeting the Application for Registration as an Australian Company filed with ASIC in respect of the Company as well as the Certificate of Registration for the Company dated **8 February 2017**.

OFFICERS: **NOTED** that Bill William was appointed Director of the Company upon registration.
Bill William was appointed Secretary of the Company upon registration.

INITIAL MEMBERS: **NOTED** that Sally Ross became the Initial Member(s) of the Company upon incorporation.

REGISTERED OFFICE: **RESOLVED** that the registered office of the Company be at L8 135 King St, SYDNEY, NSW 2000

SHARES: The Director(s) was/were instructed to record the name of the Initial Members in the register of members of the Company and to issue a share certificate to the Initial Member in accordance with the Company's Application for Registration as an Australian Company.

ADOPTION OF CONSTITUTION: **RESOLVED** that the Constitution tabled at this Meeting be signed by the Initial Members and adopted as the constitution of the Company.

AUDITORS: **RESOLVED** that no auditors be appointed for the time being.

CLOSURE: There being no further business the meeting closed.

Chairperson:



Bill William

Dated: _____

APPOINTMENT OF PUBLIC OFFICER

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
ACN: 600 272 955

Date: 8 February 2017

Present: Bill William of 24 14-18 Thomas St, WAITARA, NSW 2077

Held at: L14 135 King St, SYDNEY, NSW 2000

Chairperson: Bill William

Quorum: The Chairperson noted that a quorum was present at the meeting of Directors to pass the proposed resolution.

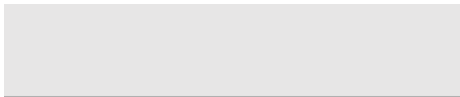
Appointment of Public Officer The Chairperson advised that Bill William had consented to be appointed as Public Officer on 8 February 2017 of the Company and this consent is for the purpose of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 (as amended from time to time) (Act).

IT WAS RESOLVED that:

1. Bill William be appointed as Public Officer of the Company;
2. This appointment will be effective commencing the closing of this meeting;
3. this appointment is for the purposes of the *Act*; and
4. The Australian Taxation Office has been notified of such appointment

Meeting Closed There being no further business the meeting was declared closed. Signed as a true and correct record.

Specimen Signature:



Bill William

Dated: _____

Director Signature:



Bill William

Dated: _____

CONSENT TO ACT AS A DIRECTOR

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd - ACN: 600 272 955

Full name:	Bill William
Date of birth:	3 February 1966
Place of birth:	Sydney, NSW
Address:	24 14-18 Thomas St, WAITARA, NSW, 2077

consents to act as a DIRECTOR of the
forementioned company.

Signed:



Bill William

Dated: _____

CONSENT TO ACT AS A SECRETARY

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
ACN: 600 272 955

Full name: **Bill William**

Date of birth: **3 February 1966**

Place of birth: **Sydney, NSW**

Address: **24 14-18 Thomas St,
WAITARA, NSW, 2077**

consents to act as a SECRETARY of
the forementioned company.

Signed:

Bill William

Dated: _____

REGISTER OF OFFICERS

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd - ACN: 600 272 955

Date of appointment	Date of resignation	Full name	Residential address	Place of Birth	Date of Birth	Role(s)
8 February 2017		Bill William	24 14-18 Thomas St, WAITARA, NSW, 2077	Sydney, NSW	3 February 1966	DIR, SEC

CONSENT TO BE A MEMBER AND HOLD SHARES

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
ACN: 600 272 955

I, Sally Ross of 16 9-15 Balmoral St, WAITARA, NSW 2077 hereby consent to become a MEMBER and agree to take up the following SHARES for the forementioned company:

Number of Shares:	100
Class of Shares:	ORD
Amount Paid per Share (\$):	\$1.00
Amount Unpaid per Share (\$):	\$0.00

Signed:

Sally Ross

Dated: _____

SHARE CERTIFICATE #1

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
ACN: 600 272 955

Shareholder(s):

Sally Ross

Address

**16 9-15 Balmoral St,
WAITARA, NSW, 2077**

is/are the registered holder(s)
of **100 ORD Shares**
(serial numbers 1 - 100 inclusive)
in the forementioned company.

\$0.00 remains unpaid per share.

Signed:

Bill William

Dated: _____

REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd - ACN: 600 272 955

Date	Member	Number of shares	Class	Share Serial Numbers	Cert #	\$ unpaid per share	\$ paid per share	Fully Paid	Beneficially held
8 February 2017	Sally Ross	100	ORD	1 - 100	1	\$0.00	\$1.00	Yes	Yes

Ross Test Company Pty Ltd
ACN/ARBN: 600 272 955

ADOPTION OF REPLACEABLE RULES

Pursuant to Section 135 of the Corporations Act 2001, we being all the members of the company, hereby adopt the Replaceable Rules as listed in Section 141 of the Corporations Act 2001, as the Constitution of the company.

Details of Members		Number of Shares Taken
Sally Ross		100 ORD
Total shares taken		100

Dated: **8 February 2017**